#### Different Types of Media Effects

Individual Effects
Social Effects

Short-term effects
Accumulated, long-term effects

#### Beginning of Effect Research

- Media's Role during WWs
- Interdisciplinary
- Research of Media Effects
- Rapid Growth of Media Technologies
- Huge Impacts of TV
- Internet--- What Effects?

## Characteristics and Levels for Effects Research

- Characteristics
  - 1) Process
  - 2) Relationships among 3 main actors
  - 3) Exchange & Interpretation of codes
- Levels
  - 1) Individual
- 2) Organizational
- 3) Society
  - ---- systematic & contextual

# Lecture 2: Historical Review of Media Effect Research



Prof. Sung Tae Kim

### Beginning of Media Effect Research

- Media's Role during WWs
- Interdisciplinary
- Research of Media Effects
- Rapid Growth of Media Technologies
- Huge Impacts of TV
- Internet--- What Effects?

#### **History of Media Effect Paradigms**

- Mass society theory & powerful media effects (1920s)
- Limited effects perspective (1940s)
- Moderate effects perspective (1960s)
- Return to the powerful media (1970s)
- NOW???????

#### **The Powerful Media**

- Bullet theory; behaviorist psychology (the S-R model)
- Instant, direct, and uniform effects
- The members of audience are powerless, unsophisticated, and inactive
- War propaganda & yellow Journalism

#### Limited effects perspective

- Growing body of scientific & empirical research
- Media effects on attitude change in a political context
- Studies of propaganda effects
- Studies of media effects on voting behavior
- Little media influence found: Culminated in the research of limited media effects
- Selective use of the media
  - Selective exposure, perception, and retention

## Two-Step Flow of Information Model

- Media information flows to <u>opinion leaders</u>
- Opinion leaders pass along the information to opinion followers through interpersonal networks
- Indirect influence of the mass media
- Interpersonal communication could be more critical

#### **Moderate Effects Perspective**

- New technologies: TELEVISION
- Advances in research methods
- Media Effects redefined: from attitude (behavior) changes to cognitive changes
- Attention to audience power in media uses: Active audience
- Shift of focuses in analysis: long-term & macrolevel media effects